Progression of Concepts in Design & Technology

Co	oncept	<u>Reception</u>	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	<u>Year 5</u>	Year 6
	Design	See below. D&T particularly links with the physical development and expressive arts and design strands of the EYFS		Generate ideas based on simple design criteria and their own experiences, explaining what they could make. Develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, mockups and drawings. Plan by suggesting what to do next.		Generate realistic ideas and design criteria collaboratively through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user and the functional and aesthetic purposes of the product. Develop ideas through the analysis of existing shell structures and use computeraided design to model and communicate ideas.	 Carry out research into user needs and existing products, using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources. Develop a simple design specification to guide the development of their ideas and products, taking account of constraints including time, resources and cost. Generate, develop and model innovative ideas, through discussion, prototypes and annotated sketches. 	
	Make			 Select and use tools, skills and techniques, explaining their choices. Select new and reclaimed materials and construction kits to build their structures. Use simple finishing techniques suitable for the structure they are creating. 		 Plan the order of the main stages of making. Select and use appropriate tools and software to measure, mark out, cut, score, shape and assemble with some accuracy. Explain their choice of materials according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities. Use computer-generated finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. 	 Formulate a clear plan, including a step-by-step list of what needs to be done and lists of resources to be used. Competently select from and use appropriate tools to accurately measure, mark out, cut, shape and join construction materials to make frameworks. Use finishing and decorative techniques suitable for the product they are designing and making. 	•
Structures	Evaluate			Explore a range of existing freestanding structures in the school and local environment e.g. everyday products and buildings. Evaluate their product by discussing how well it works in relation to the purpose, the user and whether it meets the original design criteria.		 Investigate and evaluate a range of shell structures including the materials, components and techniques that have been used. Test and evaluate their own products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose. 	 Investigate and evaluate a range of existing frame structures. Critically evaluate their products against their design specification, intended user and purpose, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests. Research key events and individuals relevant to frame structures. 	•
	Technical Knowledge			Know how to make freestanding structures stronger, stiffer and more stable. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.		 Develop and use knowledge of nets of cubes and cuboids and, where appropriate, more complex 3D shapes. Develop and use knowledge of how to construct strong, stiff shell structures. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Understand how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce 3-D frameworks. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	•
	Vocabulary			cut, fold, join, fix structure, wall, tower, framework, weak, strong, base, top, underneath, side, edge, surface, thinner, thicker, corner, point, straight, curved metal, wood, plastic circle, triangle, square, rectangle, cuboid, cube, cylinder design, make, evaluate, user, purpose, ideas, design criteria, product, function		marking out, scoring, shaping, tabs, adhesives, joining, assemble, accuracy, material, stiff, strong, reduce, reuse, recycle, corrugating,	frame structure, stiffen, strengthen, reinforce, triangulation, stability, shape, join, temporary, permanent design brief, design specification, prototype, annotated sketch, purpose, user, innovation, research, functional	

			photographs of various structures construction kits that can be used to construct freestanding structures e.g. walls, towers, frameworks paper, card, plastic sheet, paper and plastic straws, pipe cleaners reclaimed materials including small containers, card boxes, cotton reels string, masking tape PVA glue, Plasticine, left/right-handed scissors, hole punch,		collection of shell structures for different purposes and users card, squared paper, coloured paper, adhesive tape, masking tape, PVA glue, glue spreaders, acetate sheet, pencils, felt-tip pens, rulers, scissors computer with computer-aided design (CAD) software such as Techsoft 2D Primary or Microsoft Word, printer	products, photographs, web-based resources of existing frame structures card, paper straws, newspaper, square sectioned wood, masking tape, PVA glue, pencils, rulers, right/left handed scissors, bench hooks, G-clamp, junior hacksaws, glass paper finishing media and materials	
	sloo		stapler finishing media and materials				
	Design	 Generate ideas based on simple design criteria and their own experiences, explaining what they could make. Develop, model and communicate their ideas through drawings and mock-ups with card and paper. 	Generate initial ideas and simple design criteria through talking and using own experiences. Develop and communicate ideas through drawings and mock-ups.	Generate realistic ideas and their own design criteria through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user. Use annotated sketches and prototypes to develop, model and communicate ideas.			 Generate innovative ideas by carrying out research using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources. Develop a simple design specification to guide their thinking. Develop and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated drawings, exploded drawings and drawings from different views.
Mechanisms	Make	 Plan by suggesting what to do next. Select and use tools, explaining their choices, to cut, shape and join paper and card. Use simple finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. 	 Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks such as cutting and joining to allow movement and finishing. Select from and use a range of materials and components such as paper, card, plastic and wood according to their characteristics. 	 Order the main stages of making. Select from and use appropriate tools with some accuracy to cut, shape and join paper and card. Select from and use finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. 			 Produce detailed lists of tools, equipment and materials. Formulate step-by-step plans and, if appropriate, allocate tasks within a team. Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to make products that that are accurately assembled and well finished. Work within the constraints of time, resources and cost.
∑ -	Evaluate	 Explore a range of existing books and everyday products that use simple sliders and levers. Evaluate their product by discussing how well it works in relation to the purpose and the user and whether it meets design criteria. 	 Explore and evaluate a range of products with wheels and axles. Evaluate their ideas throughout and their products against original criteria. 	 Investigate and analyse books and, where available, other products with lever and linkage mechanisms. Evaluate their own products and ideas against criteria and user needs, as they design and make. 			 Compare the final product to the original design specification. Test products with the intended user, where safe and practical, and critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture, functionality and fitness for purpose. Consider the views of others to improve their work. Investigate famous manufacturing and engineering companies relevant to the project.
	Technical Knowledge	 Explore and use sliders and levers. Understand that different mechanisms produce different types of movement. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Explore and use wheels, axles and axle holders. Distinguish between fixed and freely moving axles. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Understand and use lever and linkage mechanisms. Distinguish between fixed and loose pivots. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 			 Understand that mechanical systems have an input, process and an output. Understand how cams can be used to produce different types of movement and change the direction of movement. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.

Vocabulary	Slider, lever, pivot, slot, bridge/guide Card, masking tape, paper fastener, join Push, pull, up, down, straight, curve, forwards, backwards Design, make, evaluate, user, purpose, ideas, design criteria, product, function.	vehicle, wheel, axle, axle holder, chassis, body, cab assembling, cutting, joining, shaping, finishing, fixed, free, moving, mechanism names of tools, equipment and materials used design, make, evaluate, purpose, user, criteria, functional	mechanism, lever, linkage, pivot, slot, bridge, guide system, input, process, output linear, rotary, oscillating, reciprocating user, purpose, function prototype, design criteria, innovative, appealing, design brief	cam, snail cam, off-centre cam, peg cam, pear shaped cam follower, axle, shaft, crank, handle, housing, framework rotation, rotary motion, oscillating motion, reciprocating motion annotated sketches, exploded diagrams mechanical system, input movement, process, output movement design decisions, functionality, innovation, authentic, user, purpose, design specification, design brief
sloo	Books and every-day products with lever and slider mechanisms. Slider and lever teaching aids. Card strips, card rectangles, paper, masking tape, paper fasteners, glue sticks, PVA, scissors, hole punch, finishing materials and media.	selection of toy vehicles with differently fixed axles card boxes, card, cotton reels, plastic tubing, dowel, clothes pegs, paper sticks/dowel, paper/plastic straws, card discs, MDF wheels single hole punch, card drill, cutting mat, masking tape, PVA glue, paint, thin/thick paint brushes, felt tip pens, decorative paper, double sided sticky fixers, junior hacksaw, vice, scissors	books and other products with lever and linkage mechanisms lever and linkage teaching aids card strips, card rectangles, paper, masking tape, paper fasteners, paper binders, stick glue scissors, cutting mats, finishing media and materials	videos and photographs of cams, models or toys with different cam mechanisms MDF, card or wooden wheels, plastic or wooden cams, dowel, card boxes, PVA glue, glue guns, masking tape, double-sided tape, square section wood, card, corrugated plastic, foam, paper straws, finishing media • junior hacksaws, glass paper, Gclamps, bench hooks, hand drill

	Design			 Gather information about needs and wants, and develop design criteria to inform the design of products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate realistic ideas through discussion and, as appropriate, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams. 	Use research to develop a design specification for a functional product that responds automatically to changes in the environment. Take account of constraints including time, resources and cost. Generate and develop innovative ideas and share and clarify these through discussion. Communicate ideas through annotated sketches, pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams. Formulate a step-by-step plan to
Electrical Systems	Маке			 Order the main stages of making. Select from and use tools and equipment to cut, shape, join and finish with some accuracy. Select from and use materials and components, including construction materials and electrical components according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. 	guide making, listing tools, equipment, materials and components. Competently select and accurately assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce a reliable, functional product. Create and modify a computer control program to enable an electrical product to work automatically in response to changes in the environment.
	Evaluate			 Investigate and analyse a range of existing battery-powered products. Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and identify the strengths and areas for improvement in their work. 	Continually evaluate and modify the working features of the product to match the initial design specification. Test the system to demonstrate its effectiveness for the intended user and purpose. Investigate famous inventors who developed ground-breaking electrical systems and components.
	Technical Knowledge			 Understand and use electrical systems in their products, such as series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs and buzzers. Apply their understanding of computing to program and control their products. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	Understand and use electrical systems in their products. Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.
	Vocabulary			series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch, battery, battery holder, bulb, bulb holder, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip control, program, system, input device, output device user, purpose, function, prototype, design criteria, innovative, appealing, design brief	series circuit, parallel circuit, names of switches and components, input device, output device, system, monitor, control, program, flowchart function, innovative, design specification, design brief, user, purpose

		handling collection of battery-	batteries, crocodile leads, bulbs,
		powered electrical products	bulb holders, buzzers, light emitting
		switches including toggle, push-to- make and push-to-break	diodes (LEDs), micro switches,
		aluminium foil, paper fasteners,	reed switches and magnets, light
		paper clips, card, corrugated plastic, reclaimed materials,	dependent resistors (LDRs), wire,
		finishing materials and media	automatic wire strippers, masking
		buzzers, bulbs, bulb holders,	tape, construction materials and
		batteries, battery holders, wire, automatic wire strippers	tools as required
		suitable control program with	
		interface box or standalone control	computer control software and
		box	interface boxes or standalone
		scissors, PVA glue, cutting mats	boxes, connecting leads

	Design	Design a functional and appealing product for a chosen user and purpose based on simple design criteria. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas as appropriate through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and information and communication technology.	Generate realistic ideas through discussion and design criteria for an appealing, functional product fit for purpose and specific user/s. Produce annotated sketches, prototypes, final product sketches and pattern pieces.	Generate innovative ideas by carrying out research including surveys, interviews and questionnaires. Develop, model and communicate ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and prototypes and, where appropriate, computeraided design. Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for the intended user that are fit for purpose based on a simple design specification.	
	Маке	Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks such as marking out, cutting, joining and finishing. Select from and use textiles according to their characteristics.	 Plan the main stages of making. Select and use a range of appropriate tools with some accuracy e.g. cutting, joining and finishing. Select fabrics and fastenings according to their functional characteristics e.g. strength, and aesthetic qualities e.g. pattern. 	 Produce detailed lists of equipment and fabrics relevant to their tasks. Formulate step-by-step plans and, if appropriate, allocate tasks within a team. Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to make products that are accurately assembled and well finished. Work within the constraints of time, resources and cost. 	
Textiles	Evaluate	 Explore and evaluate a range of existing textile products relevant to the project being undertaken. Evaluate their ideas throughout and their final products against original design criteria. 	 Investigate a range of 3-D textile products relevant to the project. Test their product against the original design criteria and with the intended user. Take into account others' views. Understand how a key event/individual has influenced the development of the chosen product and/or fabric. 	 Investigate and analyse textile products linked to their final product. Compare the final product to the original design specification. Test products with intended user and critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture, functionality and fitness for purpose. Consider the views of others to improve their work. 	
	Technical Knowledge	Understand how simple 3-D textile products are made, using a template to create two identical shapes. Understand how to join fabrics using different techniques e.g. running stitch, glue, over stitch, stapling. Explore different finishing techniques e.g. using painting, fabric crayons, stitching, sequins, buttons and ribbons. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	Know how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce existing fabrics. Understand how to securely join two pieces of fabric together. Understand the need for patterns and seam allowances. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	A 3-D textile product can be made from a combination of accurately made pattern pieces, fabric shapes and different fabrics. Fabrics can be strengthened, stiffened and reinforced where appropriate.	
	Vocabulary	Names of existing products, joining and finishing techniques, tools, fabrics and components. Template, pattern pieces, mark out, join, decorate, finish. Features, suitable, quality, mock-up, design brief, design criteria, make, evaluate, user, purpose, function.	fabric, names of fabrics, fastening, compartment, zip, button, structure, finishing technique, strength, weakness, stiffening, templates, stitch, seam, seam allowance user, purpose, design, model, evaluate, prototype, annotated sketch, functional, innovative, investigate, label, drawing, aesthetics, function, pattern pieces	seam, seam allowance, wadding, reinforce, right side, wrong side, hem, template, pattern pieces name of textiles and fastenings used, pins, needles, thread, pinking shears, fastenings, iron transfer paper design criteria, annotate, design decisions, functionality, innovation, authentic, user, purpose, evaluate, mock-up, prototype	
	Tools	Range of existing bags. Variety of textiles e.g. dipryl, felt, reclaimed fabric Thread, pins, needles, magnet,	to the chosen product to be made selection of fabrics and fastenings	existing textile products for investigation and deconstruction linked to their product wide selection of textiles including	

staplers, staples, fabric glue,	scissors, needles, thread, tape,	reclaimed and reusable fabrics,
scissors. Items for finishing e.g. buttons, wool, fabric paints, sequins.	fabric glue, pins, measuring tape items to use for finishing e.g. fabric paints, threads, appliqué pieces, paints for printing, thin paint brushes	dipryl pins, needles, thread, measuring tape, left/right-handed fabric scissors, pinking shears iron, iron transfer paper, sewing machine range of fastenings, materials for insulating or strengthening e.g. bubble wrap, wadding, interfacing finishing materials e.g. sequins, buttons, fabric paints

Food & Nutrition	Design	 Design appealing products for a particular user based on simple design criteria. Generate initial ideas and design criteria through investigating a variety of fruit and vegetables. Communicate these ideas through talk and drawings. 	 Generate and clarify ideas through discussion with peers and adults to develop design criteria including appearance, taste, texture and aroma for an appealing product for a particular user and purpose. Use annotated sketches and appropriate information and communication technology, such as web-based recipes, to develop and communicate ideas. 	 Generate innovative ideas through research and discussion with peers and adults to develop a design brief and criteria for a design specification. Explore a range of initial ideas, and make design decisions to develop a final product linked to user and purpose. Use words, annotated sketches and information and communication technology as appropriate to develop and communicate ideas.
	Make	Use simple utensils and equipment to e.g. peel, cut, slice, squeeze, grate and chop safely. Select from a range of fruit and vegetables according to their characteristics e.g. colour, texture and taste to create a chosen product.	 Plan the main stages of a recipe, listing ingredients, utensils and equipment. Select and use appropriate utensils and equipment to prepare and combine ingredients. Select from a range of ingredients to make appropriate food products, thinking about sensory characteristics. 	 Write a step-by-step recipe, including a list of ingredients, equipment and utensils Select and use appropriate utensils and equipment accurately to measure and combine appropriate ingredients. Make, decorate and present the food product appropriately for the intended user and purpose.
	Evaluate	Taste and evaluate a range of fruit and vegetables to determine the intended user's preferences. Evaluate ideas and finished products against design criteria, including intended user and purpose.	Carry out sensory evaluations of a variety of ingredients and products. Record the evaluations using e.g. tables and simple graphs. Evaluate the ongoing work and the final product with reference to the design criteria and the views of others.	 Carry out sensory evaluations of a range of relevant products and ingredients. Record the evaluations using e.g. tables/graphs/charts such as star diagrams. Evaluate the final product with reference back to the design brief and design specification, taking into account the views of others when identifying improvements. Understand how key chefs have influenced eating habits to promote varied and healthy diets.
	Technical Knowledge	 Understand where a range of fruit and vegetables come from e.g. farmed or grown at home. Understand and use basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes, including how fruit and vegetables are part of <i>The eatwell plate</i>. Know and use technical and sensory vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food. Know about a range of fresh and processed ingredients appropriate for their product, and whether they are grown, reared or caught. Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary appropriately. 	Know how to use utensils and equipment including heat sources to prepare and cook food. Understand about seasonality in relation to food products and the source of different food products. Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary.
	Vocabulary	Fruit and vegetable names, names of equipment and utensils. Sensory vocabulary e.g. soft, juicy, crunchy, hard, sweet, sticky, smooth, sharp, crisp, sour. Flesh, skin, pip, seed, core, slicing, peeling, cutting, squeezing, healthy diet, choosing, ingredients, planning, investigating, tasting, arranging, popular, design, evaluate, criteria.	name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet planning, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, sensory evaluations	ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy, intolerance, savoury, source, seasonality utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, pour, mix, rubbing in, whisk, beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crumble design specification, innovative, research, evaluate, design brief
	ools	Range of fresh fruit and vegetables, chopping boards, knives, peelers, graters, juicers, spoons, jugs, blenders.	information about foods from around the world, basic recipes range of relevant example foods to taste and evaluate suitable equipment and utensils such as: knives, chopping board, weighing scales, measuring jugs, bowls, baking trays, spoons – various sizes, parchment paper, plastic film	information about food from around the world video clips of foods in the context of where they come from, used and eaten range of relevant examples of foods to taste and evaluate basic recipes suitable equipment and utensils to make and cook recipes such as: weighing scales, measuring jugs, bowls, spoons – various sizes, baking

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Three and Four-Year-Olds	Personal, Social a Development	nd Emotional	Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen or one which is suggested to them.
	Physical Develop	ment	 Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.
	Understanding th	e World	Explore how things work.
	Expressive Arts a	nd Design	Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.
			Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.
	use to express them. • Create closed shapes with co		Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.
			Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.
Reception	Physical Develop	ment	Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.
			 Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.
			Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor.
	Expressive Arts and Design		Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.
			Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.
			Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.
ELG	Physical Development	Fine Motor Skills	Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.
	Expressive Arts and Design	Creating with Materials	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
			Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.