History Progression Map Year 5



	Spring 1/Spring 2	Summer 1		
Topic	WW2	Ancient Greece		
Learning Objective (from DC Pro)	 I can understand why some civilisations have been successful and why others have not. I can choose reliable sources of information about the past. I can give my own reasons why an event occurred backed up by evidence. I can describe how events in the past have influenced life today. I can begin to make use of dates and terms to structure my work. I can evaluate sources and identify those that are useful to the task I can plan and present a self directed project about the studied period. I can understand historical concepts and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends and ask questions about the past. I know that there is often not a single answer to historical questions. I can begin to recognise primary and secondary sources. I can research a topic from the past with increasing confidence. 	 I can understand why some civilisations have been successful and why others have not. I can choose reliable sources of information about the past. I can give my own reasons why an event occurred backed up by evidence. I can describe how events in the past have influenced life today. I can begin to make use of dates and terms to structure my work. I can evaluate sources and identify those that are useful to the task I can plan and present a self directed project about the studied period. I can understand historical concepts and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends and ask questions about the past. I know that there is often not a single answer to historical questions. I can plan to recognise primary and secondary sources. I can describe significant features from time periods and know how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world. 		
	Knowledge and understanding, organise, evaluate and communicate information, Historical Enquiry.	Chronological awareness, Knowledge and understanding, organise, evaluate and communicate information, Historical Enquiry.		
Skills				



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	Overall Knowledge	Society/Diversity
	Adolf Hitler, together with the Nazi Party, wanted Germany to rule Europe. To gain more	Ancient Greece was not a country. It was made up of city states. There were often
	land and power, on 1 September 1939 German troops invaded Poland. After Hitler refused	battles between these city states but sometimes they would join together to
	to stop the invasion, Britain and France declared war on Germany – World War II had begun.	defend themselves from a common enemy. Important city states of ancient Greece
	The Blitz is short for Blitzkreig which stands for Lightening storms. Liverpool and London	included Athens, Corinth and Sparta.
	were heavily bombed to destroy the docks and intimidate people.	There were many enslaved people in ancient Greece. They made many objects and
	The US didn't join the war until 1941, when Japan attacked the United States - at their Naval	goods to be sold. Many ancient Greek pots that survive today would have been
	Base at Pearl Harbour in Hawaii. On 8 December 1941 (the very next day), the US declared	made by enslaved people.
	War on Japan and, in turn, its German allies. Many American soldiers were stationed locally	Ancient Athens is where democracy began in around 508 BC. Listening to the
	at Burtonwood.	opinions of other people and debating issues was an important part of this system.
	Some countries remained 'neutral' in World War 2. Such countries were Spain, Sweden and	After debating issues, the ancient Athenians would vote. At that time, the only
	Switzerland – who chose not to join either side.	people allowed to take part in democracy were adult males who were citizens of
	Society/Diversity	Athens. The legacy of democracy still exists today in many parts of the world.
	The group most heavily targeted by the Nazis were the Jews because they didn't fit the	The Olympics were first held in ancient Greece in 776 BC. This is one of the legacies
	image of the perfect German and Hitler blamed Jewish people for Germany losing WW1.	of ancient Greece. Events included boxing, wrestling, running and chariot racing.
	Around six million Jewish people were killed during World War 2 in one of history's most	Women were not allowed to compete in the Olympics. This was because ancient
	terrible events – the Holocaust.	Greek women were not treated as equals to men and had fewer freedoms. The
	Anne Frank, who lived in Germany but fled to Amsterdam during WW2 as she was Jewish,	idea for the marathon also originates from this time.
	famously wrote a diary of her life 'The Diary of a Young Girl', while hiding from the Nazi's	The Trojan War is a very famous ancient Greek myth. Many people believe that it is
	Local area	a myth but that there is some historical truth behind it. The Trojan War was
	The Nottingham Blitz was an attack by the Nazi German Luftwaffe on Nottingham during the	between the Greek and the Trojan Armies. In the story, the Greeks pretended to
	night of 8–9 May 1941.	surrender, leaving a gift of a giant horse for the Trojans. The gift was brought inside
	There were 11 bomb attacks in Nottingham during the WW2There were 11 bomb attacks in	the city walls. During the night, Greek soldiers hiding inside the horse let the Greek
	Nottingham during the WW2	army inside Troy's walls and the city was destroyed
	Rulers/Leaders	Local area
	Winston Churchill was in charge of Britain during the war	Would have been in the iron age (reflect back to year 3)
	Adolf Hitler was in charge of Germany	Rulers/Leaders
	Charles de Gaulle led the French	Independent city states existed for most of the ancient Greek period. However,
	Franklin D Roosevelt was in charge of the U.S	towards the end of this period, King Philip II of Macedonia ruled over all of ancient
	<u>Childhood</u>	Greece. Following his death, his son, Alexander the Great, took over the empire
	Children were evacuated for their own safety. They were billeted with a host family.	along with other lands that he conquered. After Alexander the Great died, the
U U	Role of women	Romans slowly took over parts of the empire.
2	Before the war, most women stayed at home and did not go out to work. Some women	<u>Childhood</u>
	worked but their choice of job was limited, such as nursing or working as a shop assistant.	Families had to pay for schooling, so only boys whose families could afford the fee
5	When men were conscripted, women were needed to fulfil their roles. Some were	were able to go to school. Poorer boys learned to work as craftsmen, farmers or
	employed , others were volunteers. After the war, many women lost their jobs. However,	fishermen instead. Girls stayed at home and were educated in household matters.
	their experiences led them to campaign for equal working rights and pay so that they could	They learned how to cook, weave clothing and look after the home
	continue to lead more independent lives	Role of women
		In addition to childbearing, the weaving of fabric and managing the household were
		the principal responsibilities of a Greek woman

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Axis, allies, Nazi, evacuation, evacuee, Blitz, Propaganda, Holocaust, Lufftwaffe, RAF, refugees, kinderstransport, fuherer, rationing , Archives, society Society	Philosophy, Athenians, Spartans, Democracy, Olympics, truce, Zeus, Loincloth, Apollo, sacred truce, temple, ancient, civilisation, city states, empire, legacies, democracy, Myth
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WW2

Timeline								
AD 1900 1914-1918 -		1939-1945 –		1969 – First				
World War I		World War II		Moon landin				
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1901 – Queen	1928 – All		1953 –	Coronation	1991 – World Wide			
Victoria dies	given right		of Eliza	beth II	Web launched			

Ancient Greece

